

New Haven, Connecticut

april 3, 1898

Last night I upperienced a vision. I was in my study, preparing a gloss of Wolfram von Eschenbach's Paryifal for Professor Leiler's vernacular lit. seminar. I was sipping claret, and a half-filled glass sat before me on my desk. I had reached the place in the narrative where Perceval, the holy innocent, first beholds

"a thing called the Grail, Which passes all earthly perfection."

-when all at once the room seemed to grow brighter. At first I thought it was a surge in the gas line; then I remembered that at Mary's insistence we were living in a modern building, lit by electricity.

It was my wine glass that was glowing - spining with a light more

meandoscent than a donen electric bulls. and then before my eyes (and I had not drunk to excess), the vessel rose from the table and began to blicker. One moment it show like the full moon and seemed to have a now of pearls about it's rim; then in the blink of an eye it turned to tarnished metal and in place of the pearls appeared uniting; in the see next instant it looked to be made of wood. And the room was filled with a roice that wared like a Tornado and yet whispered like a lover's secret; and it said, "Henry Jones, as knights of old sought this treasure, so shall you!" and then- The entire incideut could not have lasted ten suonds - the room was silent, and my glass was a glass once more.

now, I am not a religious man, nor am I given to helief in "right and, wonders. But I cannot deny what

my eyes saw, nor what I heard with my own ears. There is no question in my heart that I have received a calling. I have been sent upon a quest. I, Henry Jones, have been granted an opportunity to find that pring of the centuries, that Arining object of man's spiritual yearning since the time of King arthur-the Holy Grail.

from this day I devote my life, my fortime and my scholarly efforts to the fulfill ment of this avverance commission. I shall find the Holy Grail if it takes me a lifetime, and this book shall be a record of my quest.

Nould that I prove worthy!

Western Massachusetts August 24, 1900

In a sleeping car aboard the Lakes

Flyer, returning home from the conforence of the Association of American

Medievalists. I am anxious to be home
with my wife and my infant son. Mever
again will I be such a raif as to believe that a document certifying one as
a Doctor of something-or-other represents an automatic conferral of dignity
and respect.

My conference paper was greeted with embarrassment, skepticism and ridicule. My colleagues are unanimous in their helif that the Holy Grail is a fairy tale; that I would better serve scholar ship by Fludying the inventories of manarial estates or the effects of the Black Death on the development

of cities - worthy subjects, I suppose, if one wishes to be an academic drudge, if one possesses no imagination, no inner fire, no... vision. But I am heartened by the knowledge that schlie mann was likewise mocked when he set out to find the ruins of troy. Toujours l'andace!

What poses more of an distacle than the stepticism of colleagues is the granse and contradictory nature of existing accounts of the Grail. There is no certainty as to what it looks like, or even what it is. The primary legend of course, has it as a wine cup- the cup used by Christ at the Last Supper, in which' Joseph of Cirimathea caught His blood when He was orncified. Yet the word grail, or graal could mean a wide mouthed shallow vessel"- not a cup

hut a bowl. In some accounts it is not a vessel at all, but a stone. Indeed, Wolfram calls it Lapsit excellis, by which he may mean lapis ex evelis (stone from
heaven) or perhaps lapis exilis, the "philosopher's stone" of the alchemists, by which
all things are possible.

chrétien de Troyes (late 12th century) is the earliest author to use the word "grail." Chrétien's grail is "of pure gold and richly set with precious stones."

From it streamed such pure light that "the luster of candles was dimmed."

Notfram von Eschenbach, a generation later, describes it as a stone fallen from heaven, carried on a piece of green silk. Wolfram maintains he heard the legend from a minstrel manuel Kyot, or Gyot; who found it in Spain in a work by a Sewish astrologer, written in a

"heathen tongue" (probably Cirabic or Hebrew). Pobert de Boron and other 14th century writers offer no specific description but clearly have it as a cup, not a bowl. They till us that it appeared in a vision to King arthur and his knights, covered with a cloth of white velvet. It seemed to "glow with its own light," it gave off a pleasing fragrance" and dispensed food to the company.

speaks of this vision, but the white cloth is described as velvet, not silk. Maddeningly, his Thomas offers no description either; but maintains that his Galahad found the grail on a silver table, contained in a obest covered

with precious stones.

Such a bundle of contradictions! Such an abundance of confusion! Pacause of this uncertainty as to the very appearance of the object of my Quest, I shall reserve the following pages of this diary as a ready reference for various descriptions and accounts of the Grail, so that I may by comparing them better he able to evaluate their accuracy.

I have underlined the specific elements the specific thon that of the description that of the description are most pertinent.



Fragment in Old Frish found in abley of Cantaney, Britany 7/8/06, attrib. to survivor of the sach of I ona by the Vikings in the minth century. Olvious anglo-Saxon influence, but parchineut, inh and Tyle of illumination seem to indicate authenticity. (Translation light. T.): Their ships like sharks, like strades of satan Rumbled like whales that walked on the water; Their thursty axes, slaked on our blood. Ran with red in the endless night. and the holy books They set to the Torch, Throwing montrand manuscript alike on the flame; The ward and the flesh to perish together ... ... The Cup of Own Lord Carven of wood from the tree of peace On salver of silver, on samite of emerald, Bonne to our house by Galkaut the Pure In the days of Certhur, when fair

This holiest of relics they ravished away to their land of darkness where the Devil is lord.

Of the identity of "the Cup of Our Lord,"
there can be no doubt! "True of
peace" would seem to imply that it is
made of clivewood. The "halver (tray) of
silver" and "namite (silken cloth) of anerald" are identical with the silver table
and green cloth described by Chrétien
and others. "Logres" is Britain; while
"Galhaut" is some other than \$\frac{1}{2}\$ sir

Galahad prinself!



### Muhammad Ali al-Jawf Museum of Islam Baghdad, Iraq

#### 14 November 1909

Dear Dr. Jones:

In Qom recently I had the occasion to examine a Persian manuscript of Nur ed-Din al-Musafir, a remarkable figure of the twelfth century of your calendar who traveled extensively in Asia, Africa and Europe. It contained this fragment found in no other edition of al-Musafir known to me. Being aware of your special interest in the item he discusses, I took the liberty of translating it

for you:

"Also at Cordoba I met a man who claimed to have seen the vessel that is said to have caught the life's blood of the prophet Isa (Jesus):... A shallow bowl of pewter, dented in many places, engraved with a design of grapes and grape leaves as well as writing in the script of the Jews. (It was) wrapped in a cloth of golden silk, and seemed to glow with its own light when the cloth was removed. Where on Allah's earth he saw this marvel the man would not say; only that it was near the source of a river which he reached after traveling south from an oasis."

I hope this is of more than passing interest to you.

Peace be upon you,

al-Jawf

Ufficio Telegrafico di ROMA

T E L E G R A M M A

Qualifica Destinazione Provenienza Numero Parole Circuito sul quale si deve fare l'inoltro del telegramma

Parole Data della presentazione VIA d'istradamento d'ufficio

HAVE OBTAINED JOURNAL PAOLO OF GENOA 13TH CENTURY MERCHANT STOP RELATES ADVENTURES AMOUNG TURKISH TRIBES CENTRAL ASIA STOP TRIBESMAN TOLD HIM OF SEEING LARGE <u>CERAMIC</u> DRINKING CUP <u>GLOWED</u> LIKE MOONLIGHT OBSCURE LOCATION GUARDED BY CHRISTIAN KNIGHT AND LETHAL PROTECTIVE DEVICES STOP PAOLO CONJECTURES HG STOP VISITING AMERICA THIS SPRING WILL BRING IT FOR YOUR EXAMINATION STOP SAILING APRIL ON NEW BRITISH LINER TITANIC STOP CODIROLLI

Il Governo Italiano e la Società Italcable non assumono alcuna responsabilità civile in conseguenza delservizo cablografico telegrafico e radioelettrico.

Professor Charles B. Hawken of Oxford spoke on his researches near Abergavenney, Wales. He has found fragments of a journal kept by a Christian hermit in the Welsh mountains in the early 8th century. The journal illuminates several aspects of piety and religious practice of the British people during the Dark Ages. Of especial interest is the account of a vision, experienced in the year 717 or 719 by this anonymous chronicler, of the Holy Grail of Arthurian legend: "...the humble wooden cup that held God's blood, which resided at Avalon in the days of King Arthur, carven with holy symbols and shining with the light of grace."

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5-7-15: Clipped from the Celtic Scholar,
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Celtic-British literature after the Saxon
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Hawken once this European war is him.
Howing Brody must certainly town him.

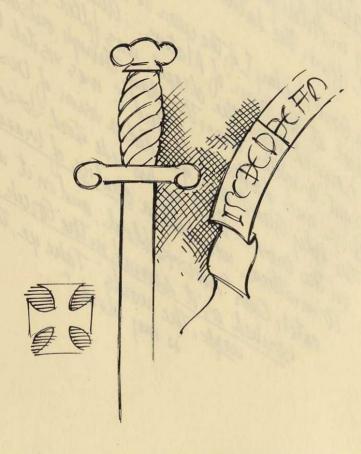
Verse fragment in the Welsh language attributed to Taliesin, sung by a shepperd and folklorist at Modedry, Wales and translated by H.J., 1/2/20:

Event as the form of the sea,
Bright as the mirror of Bronwyn,
Fragrant as the flesh of Bladenwedd,
Mighty as the sword of Bran;
Carven with spells of blessing
In the shrouded tonque of the East,
This vessel, the coracle of God
Trines out the old hefore the new.

NB: A coracle is a round boat such as are Fill employed by fisher folk in Wales and western England; and thus Taliesin's verse would seem to support the theory that the Grail is a howel, not a cup.

\* The native Welshmentell me that this word would be more accurately rendered as frothy "or "crystalline" or "lumines-

cent." In any case it describes a quality of appearance and should not be taken as a reference to the metal silver.



The literal of the len appar (Trans). Gallen hand sted by the fillen and week at the fillen hand week and have pled by later from have pled by allino. Twas a such a su was vosuear hood of was to was and granted ade Lord was to was and and led a chalice of wast to the they was who held a chalice of waste o mulathea, Somming of the state catchilled as it remains the arch and an inworked as the worlds d' words d' Except from the journal of Byzantine merchant in Kier, early-10th century, translated by G. Codinolli and shown to me 9-29-20

... And though the Kingdom of Rus is pagan, there are many Christians among its people, and lows and Garaceus as well. and in the market a man, knowing me to be a Christian, offered to sell me a chalice which he said was the boly our that caught the blook of our Lord lesus Christ. But I have been to Lerusa Com, and to antioch, and many liars and charlatans have tried to sell me bones of saints and pieces of the Cross and pragment's of Christ's garment's. And the oup he had was plain of base metal and with no ornamentation, and surely could not have been the glorious Cup of Our Lord ...

## Lady Eleanora Ferrers-Lansdowne The Meadows Chetfield, Berks.

2 June 1923

Dear Henry,

fashion I was taking tea with Sir a \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_, a gentleman but no scholar, who in his youth was a confident of Sir Richard Burton, The late adventurer and linguist. as you know, upon Sir Richard's death Lady Burton hurned many of his priceless journals of his travels in the Orient, holding them to be lascivious and obscene. Now, Sit a \_\_\_\_ informs me that he mas able to rescue a few of Sir Richards frag-ments from the fire, and one that he described would be of interest to you . It seems that a Sufi master in some Mohammedan land Told Sir Richard that he knew the location of the ceramic bowl " the infidels revere as the Grail"; that it had "heathen designs on it" and writing That was not aratic, "mar was it in the script of the Jours or the Greeks or any other he had ever seen. "Unfartimately, the sursiving fragment game no clue of where this Moor had seen the nessel; only that he had traveled "eastward from the city" and referred also to "passing the three trials. The rest was

Il think of you often, and look forward to the day when your search should living you leach to England. I remain as ever,

yours. Eleanora Ferrers-Landowne

# New Gospel's Authenticity Disputed

ALEXANDRIA (Reuters)— Experts examining the so-called "Gospel of Joseph of Arimathea" unearthed last month have cast doubt on the document's genuineness, British Museum sources reported today.

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The manuscript, discovered in the ruins of Kozra, an early Christian colony being excavated by archaeologists south of here, is a previously unknown account of the life of Christ attributed to Joseph of Arimathea, the "rich man" who buried Jesus after the crucifixion as recounted in the New Testament.

The papyrus scroll, written in the Coptic language of ancient Egypt, was hailed by churchmen and lay scholars alike as "the find of the millenium" when made public by Dr. Robert Hawes of Ivy University, leader of the team that made the discovery. But other expert sources close to the Hawes expedition are of the opinion that the docu-

ment was written no earlier than the late 2nd century A.D., and possibly as late as the 7th century.

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"As an eyewitness account the 'Joseph' papyrus just doesn't ring true," said one knowledgeable source who requested anonymity. "It smacks too much of medieval fable. That holy-grail business simply has no place in early-Christian literature."

The so-called Holy Grail, the wine cup said to have been used by Jesus at the Last Supper and by Joseph to catch the blood of Jesus as he died on the Cross, figures prominently in the manuscript. Joseph describes it as a plain, shallow vessel of bronze, which forever after its association with Jesus "gave forth sweet odours and glowed with the light of heaven."

The Grail became an object of veneration and knightly quest in the tales of King Arthur and other legends of the middle ages.

Fable, my hind foot! Must speak to Haves at earliest opportunity!

## WOLFGANG S. STAUBIG, PH.D. HEIDELBERG • DEUTSCHLAND

14 September, 1932

My dear Dr. Jones,

I would apologize for my long silence, were I not certain that my news will render apologies superfluous. While on holiday last month in Dubrovnik, I found in an antiquarian bookstore an apparently genuine manuscript of The Book of the Spells of Merlin. As you know, the last known copy of this forbidden compendium of Celtic magic was burned by the Inquisition in 1384, and so my copy may be unique.

I would be pleased to allow you to examine the manuscript on your next visit, but I thought you would be eager to learn that among its contents is a purported illumination of an object of particular interest to you. It is described as a chalice of pewter with a flared base. Around the circumference below the lip are etched in Aramaic the words "av bar ruach ha-kodesh"--father, son, holy ghost. A fitting formula for a work

attributed to a sorcerer, you will agree, as this early Christian invocation is believed to be the origin of the magician's "abracadabra."

In the text, "Merlin" offers an incantation for conjuring up an image of the vessel. Unfortunately this spell is rendered not in Latin transliteration but in runic characters; and the monastic copyists, apparently unfamiliar with the arcane symbols, have rendered them to gibberish. Professor O'Lochlainn of Dublin is eager to attempt a restoration of the runes, and a young French scholar named Belloq has expressed a similar desire. (Do you know him, by the way? His erudition is impressive, but I find distasteful his association with certain political elements in my country.)

In any event, I hope this felicitous discovery will soon occasion a visit. It has been entirely too long, Dr. Jones, since you and I last toasted one another's health.

Yours most truly,

Starby Starbig

Las Mesas, Colorado November 14, 1905

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The seeds I planted on my European journey this summer are beginning to hear fait: received today a most interesting letter from Marcus Brody, a young scholar I met at Oxford. He interesting on the coast of Brittany is in possession of some old I rish manuscripts, one of which is said to refer to the Grail and as a genuine object, not a legend. I cannot wait to return meet year to confirm!

The last I feel that my Quest has truly begun. When I think of the single-ninded dedication of the senights of King arthur's court, who seem to have interrupted their own pursuit of the Grail only to slay the occasional dragon ar to rescue a castle full of maiders row and then, it is plain that not

one among the lot of them was ever trioubled with the necessities of support-

ing a wife and young con.

To be fair, I have no dragins to con-Tend with on my quest-only the occasional make. Right non Junior is sulking in his room, to which he has been Varished after aringing frome a rather large specimen which somehow found it's way into my desk drawer. He is quite an intrepid dild-when not huiting rodents in the cellar ar running with the Indian dildren from the reservation, he is usually finding some trouble to get wito. Yet he is smart as a whip-already he can count to twenty in Latin and Greek (and swear resoundingly in Maraho) - and I am confident that I can make a setrolar of him.

auterge d'Écume Cantainen, France July 3, 1906

Brody was right. The abbey here is a treasure trove. Finding the item in question took
some digging, but with each results! The
Grail is genuine, and before me this nery
after room was proof: a fragment of verse
written by a survivor of the Vikings tack
of the monastery of Iona. The Grail was actually in the possession of that holy community for three centuries after the time of King
Arthur, brought there by Galahad after
taxor raids and Mondred's treachery had
destrayed Camelot.

But after then, where? Could the Vikings have taken it to norway? Might they have lost or discarded in one of their subsequent raids? They rowed as far east as Russia and as far south as Africa.

I dare not believe that it was lost

at sea!

Many just returned to our room with

uniar, who by non must have over in-Ruper, M. Roland de Haie, confirmed in his belief that americans are savages and quite untamable - at least when armed with a sling dest. We shall have to find new accommodations tomorrow. Fortunately nime. de Haies cat seems none the worse for the encounter, and we shall not have to pay damages for our landlord's "priceless thircenth-century vase" - which by its cross nection clearly proved to be of considerably more recent origin and of no value whateuer.



Garthof Triil selig Klasenheim, Austria-Hungary Vuly 16, 1906



acting on information from a work at Cantainey that the castle there contained artifacts relating to the Grail legend, I traveled here to see /n myself. There is a printing in the chapel by a Franciscan friar, with an interesting legand connected to it. Local tradition has it that the the priar received his account of the Grail from a traight of the first orusade who claimed that the and his brothers had actually found the holy relic somewhere "in a conjon deep in a range of mountains."

The scholar, the logical man with in me, in sits that this tale is pure rubbish: the Franciscan order was founded more than a century after the first crusade; and the Tyle of the painting clearly

indicates that it could not have been sendered any earlier than the mid-13th century-meaning that this knight must have been more than 150 years ald. But the dreamer, the spiritual near vittiin nee, hears such a tale as a confirmation of its truth-that the Grail does indeed comper eternal life on the one who fulfills its quest!

an now soaking in an ancient castiron hathtul in the village in. What an
exhausting trip by mule-drawn cast, up
the mountain to the castle and back
again! I think of my son, deceptively
sleeping the sleep of the innocent in
our room down the hall, and pray that

he shall never have to undertable so arduous a journey.

Las Mesas. Colonado February 22, 1912

Can'it really have been six years since my last entry? Could academic of ligations, lack of funds and the respon-Gililaties of fatherhood they truly have kept me so long from pursuit of my quest? Warst of all has been Mary's Tragic death, a blow from which reither I non Junior have the yet recovered. I bear I am unfit to raise a son alone -Junior grows wilder and more undisciplined by the month- yet my heart will not admit any other woman to take Mary's cherished place.

Recessity may have required me to devote these years to more conventional scholarship and to my teaching duties, but I have not by any means forsaken my sacred affirmation. It seems I am not the only scholar in

pursuit of this "fable". There are other "crachpots" who share my passion, and still others who, though skeptical, nevertheless indulge my unconventional interest and keep me apprised of new discoveries concerning the love of the Grail. Perhaps there is more romance in Their souls than they would care to reveal to their respective institutions. Besides young Brody at Offord, There is Stanking in Germany, the Eminant Bygantine scholar Codirolli at Bologna, even an arat in Baghdad who has been so kind as to pass along relevant in fouration to this infidel. Must arrange to meet them all on my next sabbatical. Today I received a cable from Codinolli, occasioning this long-overdue entry. I am not lager to see the journal of this Paolo of Gerioa he is bringing on his lec-Ture Tour. He is to sail on the maiden voyage of this new luxury liver Titanic

that has been so much in the news This winter. I am me envious!

Las Megas May 22, 1912

Codirolli is a marvel not only did he survive the sinking of the "unsinkable" vessel and the loss of the Paolo manuscript to Mr. Davy Jones; he has desconded upon this forsaken patch of sand and presented me with a document he found in Constantinople that may have an even greater bearing on my Quest! Codirolli is lecturing on the west coast and will be taking the parchment wity him when he returns this way next months but in the meantime he left it here for me to make a facsimile copy.
The pardsment was found among

other documents in a time hox secreted in a wall of the great basilica of St. sophia, and would appear to date from

The mid- 3th century. The picture seems to represent a stained glass window, but the significance of the Roman numeral's quite escapes me. They may have some connection with the writing on the reverse side of the parchment. It is in the Coptic alphabet of the early Egyptian Christian church, but the sense of it is not Coptic, and it appears to be some sent of cipher. What led Codinolle to infer its connection with my quest is the drawing at The top of the enciphered page. Though crudely rendered, it is a drinking vessel of some kind, and on it is written in good aramaic - the lanquage of Judea at the time of Christfather, son, holy ghost."

I have little trope of finding intact
the stained-glass window I have depicted elsewhere. In all likelihood it
has long since heen destroyed. But the
cipher may provide a clue-perhaps to

the location of the sacred relic itself. Codirolli is an elegant old quitleman, and he seems to have led quite an adrenturous life, assuming that the stories he told on that vinous evening last week were more than just the wild exaggerations of a Baron Munc nausen. I admit I was almost as wide-eyed as Junior when he wastelling his tales. Unfortunately my son tends to be overly excited by stories of high adventure. Certainly it was lodirollis recounting of his escapade in the Jultaris harem and his escape down a rope made of - but I am becoming indiscreet- that inspired Junior to steal That spanish cross this afternoon. I pear he may be too rash ever to make a good scholar-but perhaps it is just his youlli.

Philadelphia august 19, 1916

It has been a bleak year in every respect. First the European war, which again has occasioned the postponeneut of my long auticipated year of research. Then came my estrangement from Junior, which has caused such grievous in jury to my spirit that I
can hardly speak of it even in this private
journal. and now, here at the conference,

ridicule heaped upon scom.

God, grant me the strength of will to continue this quest! sometimes my resolve almost fails me. This week I gave two brilliant papers on mainstream topics in meditiant papers on mainstream topics in meditiant was "Here comes sir Galahad," and "Heard you were at the North Pole seeking the historical santa Claus," and "Hane a chair, somes, we've saved the Siege Perilous for you!" This last from Carruthers, who is still smarting from that little cornedy in san Francisco two years ago when he was beasting about his againstion of a "gen-

uine 15 th-century Inca funeral win" from some antiquities dealer in Bolivia. Tim sure I un banassed him when I printed out the tiny in scription just under the lip, the one that said "Made in Japan."

And the other day he returned the favor.

Blast it to blayes! I should be oblivious
to such condescension - God knows The subjected myself to it long enough-but I had to
resist the urge to land him one on that
smug little grin of his. Right. Henry Jones,
the white hope of has Mesas. Perhaps I am
not worthy of finding the Grail after all.

Aboard the steamer George S. Pilkington The North atlantic

At last I can resume my research in earnest! Can it really have been fourtien years since I last saw the Old World? The Great War is over, Europe is unlocked once again, and I have a year to poke around in ruins and libraries before I resume my duties - at Princeton! My

"legit inate" scholar ship has gained sufficient respected tenure at that I have used institution, despite what the academic community regards as my fanciful disession. I am not somy to leave Four Corners. I have appreciated the solitide of the desert, but it is too far from the mainstream of medieval scholar ship and it contains for too many memories of Many.

And of Sunus? He truly loved Colorado, for all he decided that the Tate wasn't hig enough for both of us; and his systematic explinations of the old anasayi ruins during the year hefore he left frome game me hope that I had indeed raised a

scholar.

I have no idea where my son is. I.

pray that he is alive, healthy, and not
in prison. It still breaks my heart that
he scarned the opportunity for a university education- not to mention his
own father- for a life devoted to dissi-

pation and ruin. Wherever he is, I assume he is at this moment galloping across in an automobile, or getting some young girl in trouble. Quest this evening on the promenade deck I was talking to a young lady I met at dinner with my own thoughts of romance - until I realof penule emancipation, specheasies, and The exaudalous Theories of Dr. Signund Frend was a girl of the same age as Junior! It made me feel very old)

Offerd, England

July 14, 1920

I am in my slement. I have spent the past ten days combing the arthurian collec-Tions in the British Museum in London and the Bodelian library here. Marcus Bridy has become an antiquarian and has been wost useful the pas introduced me to a number of scholars who are supportine of my work. One is a young German Sesuit, Brother

Matthins Matthins, who despite the understandable British hostility toward "the Hun" is well regarded in university circles here. Matthins is a student of the life and works of Albess Hildeyard of Bingen, the celebrated 12-century religious poet, visionary and nousical composer; and he in forms me that certain rare manuscripts of the Albess's look of verse visions contain Grail references.

Unfortunately Professor Hawken died in the influency spidence last winter, but I have been allowed to see the Avergovenney manuscript. Hawken was not interested in Grail love and spoke of the permit's vision only in passing. We are off to Wales Tomorrow to make further investigations.

"The Purple Dragon" Mochdref, Wales

July 27. 1920

Eureta! Just when I was beginning to suspect that this Welsh wears in was a wild goose chase, we stimbled upon this village. A local folk legend has it that

The poet Taliesin, whom the chronicles speak of as a pupil and companion of Merlin, came to this valley after the death of arthur and the breaking of the fellow ship of the Round Talde. The natives were most and informants once I had proved my warthiness by quoting some of Taliesin's norses to Their (and by matching them drint for drink in the common room of the inn) Talies in was reputed to be a shape-changer, and one of the local traditions is that the poet would often take the form of an eagle and observe the knights disporting theinselves. On occasion he is said to have gazed upon Sir Perceval in his hermitage (NB: not Galariad, as in the later accounts.) after he had fulfilled the quest of the Grail, and of the sacred relie the bald sang a verse that I have recorded elsewhere in Mus intelook.

norning with an axe-blade in my skull, as on a straw cot in the local jail. I will

admit to having had a lit too much to drink last night, but order the colemn confirmation of a donew witnesses convibces me that I inter indeed ended the assuring standing on the var of "The Purple Dragon," roaning out a medley of Tale collège sings. It did not make matters any easier that it took Brody most of the morning to find his may There to pay my fine. How a man who can smell out a rare manuscript with the in struct of a blood found can get lost in a village of twenty houses is a myslery person only to the orestor.

Sankt-Gallen Snit perland September 4, 1920

It is as Brother Matthius promised! The library of this ancient abbey contains a volume by abbess Hildegard of Bingen, in her own hand, in which she recounts a

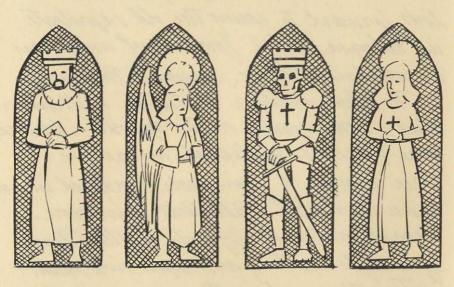
The incident is dated 1163. There exists a published Book of the Visions of St.

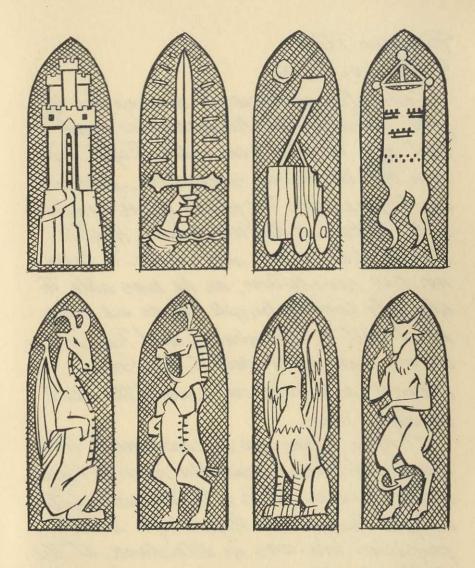
Hildegard, compiled by the sisters of her convent; but the last revelation in that volume is dated 1155. The Albers is known to have lined witil 1179, and the St. Gallen codex clearly represents misions of the last 24 years of the celebrated mystics life. I perused it carefully but found no other references to the Grail.

I have excepted Hildegard's description of the Grail elsewhere in this note book, but I remain purpled by two features of the manuscript. The vottom of the page on which this vision is reconsisted appears a line of music with the annotation PER HOS SONOS SEPULCRUM APERIES - "by these tones you shall open the Tomb." The alless was a noted musician; but this is the only place in this particular codex where a musical reference appears.

"Sepulorum" probably refers to the Holy Sepulchre in Verusalem. I have copied The music - neumes," - I believe the medilyal notes were called - and the master of the chapel here has graciously transcribed them into undern notes. But for now their significance remains a mystery, much like the Coptic cipher in Codirollis Constantinople parchment. CI look forward to seeing the old reprolecte in Bologna, but I first must make an un scheduled Rhune Journey to Bingen.) The other oddity is a cluster of illuminations that appear on the opposite (doverse) page: twelve medieval images, in three groups of four each, rendered in an in dividual ined style that is far more characteristic of fifteenth nather than of twelfth - century art. Upon close exammation The parch ment page on which These drawings appear proved to be of an

entirely different quality and provenance Than the rest of the codex-as if the volume had been retound and the new leaf added at some time after the nan-uscript was written. I reproduce those drawings here, through their relevance, if any to the diject of my Quest must for now remain obscure.





Balogna. Italy September 29, 1920

Coderalli continues to amage me. He is past seventy, but his energy is equal to That of a Twenty-year-old. Right now he is out carousing somewhere, leaving me to pose over the fruits of his remarkable labors of the war years. Hostile borders have been no barrier to hum, nor has revolution, as he was able to slip into Constantinople (or, as we now must call it, Istanbul!) and Russia Cor, as we now must call it, the Soviet Union!!) and bring out some of the most amazing iteus.

I have before me a parchucut, this wonder of tained from the ruin of Kaffa, in the Crimea. It is a testament written in good Byzantine Freek by a Sewish physician who was in attendance at the death of a Franciscan friar in that city

in the year 1267. As it happens, in one of those happy accidents of scholar ship, this was the same Franciscan who painted the Gracific Crucifixion I saw so many years ago at Klasen heim-the friar who was said to have met a cru-sading knight who claimed that he and his livothers had found the Grail!

The physician relates that the friar was sick at heart and fearful of damme-tion he cause he "had known for years of the location of the Holy Grail and failed to restore it to Christendom for fear he was not worthy to feel the breath of God and live, to tread upon [?] The word of God and he saved, or to walk the path of God and not turn ble into the abyss."

I have no clue as to the meaning of all this, but I must believe that to one armed with the proper knowledge

it provides directions to the location of the Grail!

also be fore me is a translation of an-Ther of Cadirollis findings, a much older account of a Bygantine merchant which offers yet another and confounding description of the item. Its provenance -Russia - and its date - the mid-10th centuryunply a connection with the fragment I found at Cantaney that refers to the Vikings having Stolen the Grail from Iona. From Kier, with all the trading and raiding That are going on during those centuries, it could easily have made its way south to where it could have been found by prights of the First Courade.

Bingen was a lust. There was notining in the voluminous manuscripts of Abbess Hildegard. That yielded a clue to the nusical notes in the St. Gallen codest; and sleing the devastation wrought in the Phineland by the war was dismaying. But what a journey this has been! A few more findings such as these and I may discover the Grail before I must return home!

Aboard the steamer Atalanta The North Atlantic June 21, 1921

Mid Gurnmer day. The atalanta is steaming westward across a perfectly calm sea, bearing me home from what I must on balance consider à failed voyage. The heady successes of the summer months have been over shadowed by the three sulsequent seasons of false trails, blind alleys and near misses - in Italy, Germany, The Balkans, Turkey and the Near East. I will not say that the year was without its joys - the Holy Land was a precious experience, to say irolling of my encounter with Lady E! - but as

regards my quest, everything after Bologna was disappoint ment and frustration.

yet I have Princeton to look forward to, mor adventures in scholar ship and future opportunities to return to the Old World. I am only forty-fine, and I have Codinolli to look at as an example of what can be accomplished at an advanced age. The search for the Grail is a lifetime guest. I was summoned to this mission two decades ago, and I can only believe that I have been chosen by some higher power to fulfill it.

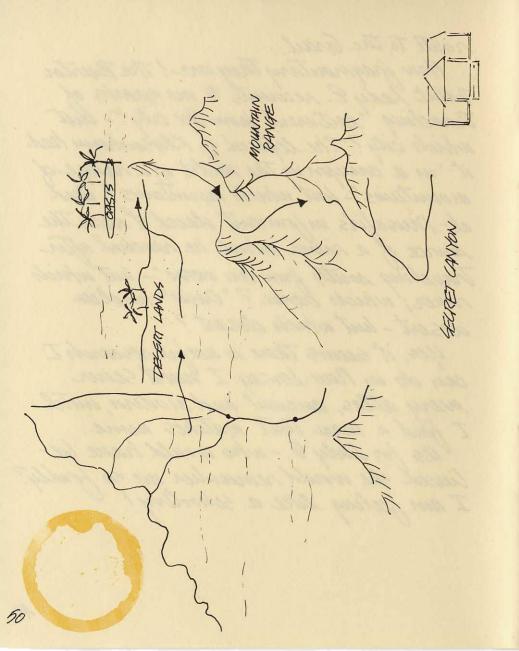
Prince ton, New Versey June 19, 1923

As Sherloch Holines night say, I am back on the case. Since receiving Lady E's letter earlier this week, I have been constructing a map, based on all the accounts I have gathered of the

route to the Grail.

How fragmentary they are! The Buston tidbit Lady & recounts to me speaks of traveling "eastward from the city" - but which city? The legend of Klasenheim had it "in a campon in the midst of a range of mountains" - but which mountains? And al-Musafir's informant placed it near the source of a riner which he reached after traveling south from an oasis" - but which river; which cases? "Oasis" implies desert - but which desert?

yes, it seems there is useful research I.
can do in New Sersey. I must scour
every atlas, ancient and modern, until
I find a map that matches nine.
As for Lady E. - who would have believed the would remarker me so frully?
I am feeling like a schoolbry!



Princeton May 29, 1927

The news out of Egypt has held me us Thrall all This Epring. I have haunted cable offices and made daily phone calls to the wire services in New York, anxious to receive every tidlet of news about Hance's discovery as it he comes available. While everyone else in the world seems to he restatic over this Lindling fellow, it is The papyrus unearthed at Konra that has claimed my undivided attention. If the scroll is authentically "the gospel according to Joseph of arimather," then it's description of the Grail could be the authentic one. and even if it used, it may prove to have some connection with Codinallis Coptic cypner.

Poor Codirolli! My urgant desire to get to Egypt and examine the Hawes papyour is mitigated by his senseless death last year in Rome, an old man beaten

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to death in the street for making an obscene gesture at one of il duce's Fascist hullyloys. I have lost a good friend, an invaluable colleague, and for now, at least,

my taste for travel as well. Ironically it was the same journal that carried the news of his death that brought me my first news of Junior in more than a decade. at least I assume that the "On Indiana Jones" spoken of in connection with the Kayenwood expedition in Sunkiang is my son! I am gratified to learn that he is alive and has larned his doctorate - but Indiana? It was our dog's name in Las Mesas. The bay continues pointedly to wound me. I whote him a letter in care of Kavenwood at Chicago addressed to Dr. Honry Jones, Ir., but I have yet to receive a reply.

Cambridge, Massachusetts October 2, 1928

Have seen the Hawes papyous at last. I pane nothing to add to the controversy over its gonumeness, about which only a theologian would care. It is clearly of great antiquity and of interest to historiaus whether or not it is really an exercit ness account of Joseph of arimathea. It is a transcription and a translation in any case: Voseph would have we written in anamaic or perhaps Greek, certainly not Captic, which did not exist as a written language until perhaps 200 AD. Only when I find the object of my quest will I be able to attest to The accuracy of the author's description.

To I sound discouraged? Perhaps I am, after all these years of false hopes, flinding discoveries and disappointments? Perhaps I am. The search for the Holy Grail is the search for the divine in all of us. But just now I feel all too mortal, and I

pear I have wasted my life in pursuit

Salishury, England September 17, 1930

I am shivering, but neither from cold

nor from pear.

I write this entry in a cell that has graciously been leut to me by one of the canons of the Cathedral, where in a secret alcove high up in the buildings Tonework a badly damaged copy of a diary of It. anselm was found this summer by a mason making repairs. Brody advised me by cable last month of the discovery. How The manuscript carrie to be here instead of at Canterluny, where anselin was andbrishop, I do not know; but it appears to have been hidden away hecause of one very un- anselmlike visionary fine lacuna that some priest may have adjudged "Satanic". Thank God This did not destray the manu cript

utterly!

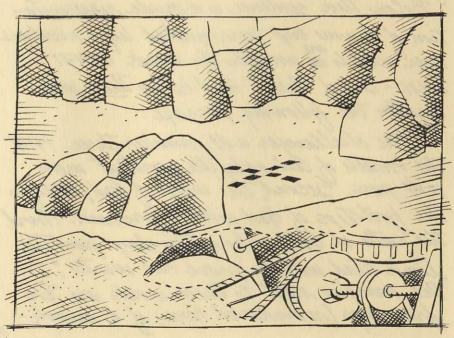
The passage selves to date from the perivd of the great theologian's exile from
England. In the midst of a typical philosophical discourse on the mature of God the
Father, Auselm broke of and wrote the
words Equestre sepenceum in Cobscured)
REGINA (obscured) DALMATIAE - "the knight's
tomb in (the crypt of?) Queen (her name?)
of Dalmatia."

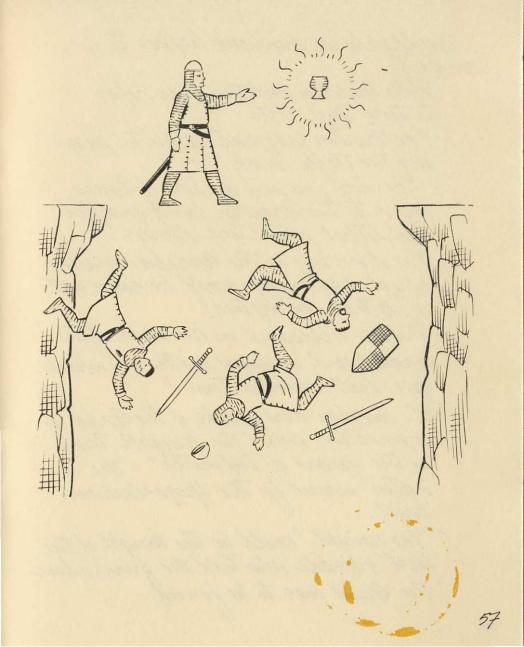
Below this sentence is a crude representation of a wine cup surrounded by a rimbus over which an written the words CHRISTI CALIX - cup of Christ. and below this was

written the following passage:

The diallanges will number three. First, the breath of God; only the penitent man will pass. Second, the word of God; only in the footsteps of God will he proceed. Third, the path of God; only in the leap from the line's head will he prove his worth." In the margin next to these words are two drawings (reproduced here) of a mech-

anical Levice resembling a perduction, and a man, seeming by walking on air. The breath of God, the word of God, the path of God - the same enigmatic words that were spoken were than a century and a half after & anselvis death by the Franciscan friar who know the location of the Grail-spoken as if they were tests of some kind that he was univertify to pass.





suddenly excertting begins to

· Both Anselm and the friar refer to these three tests.

The Burton fragment refers to "pass-

The lost journal of Paolo of Genoa refers to the Grail as being quanded by "letteal protective devices."

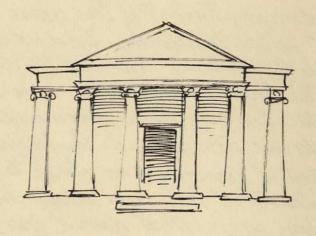
The drawing in the Anselm manuscript certainly could be some nort

of lethal contraption!

Grail heard musical notes "by which you shall open the tout."

St. Anselin here speaks of the Grail in connection with "the singht's Tout in the queen of Dal matia" - The Latin name for the Jugoslavian coast.

"The knight "could be the knight of the first crusade who tald the friar where the Grail was to be found.



The tenight's Tomb in the queen of Dalmatia! I am off to Paris tom orrow, from whence I take the Orient Express to Belgrade!

Princeton

October 1. 1932

How ironic that the Book of the Spells
of Merlin should turn up in Dubrownik!
I would be more excited about his
discovery were it not for my bitter

disappointment of two years ago when I failed to find any bace of the grail in Jugoslavia. The Merlin account of The grail provides some connection -The aramaic inscription is identical to The one described in the Kaffa parchmentbut it leaves me no closer to finding the item wat has now eluded me for thirtyfour years. What does it lost like? I now pane ten descriptions of the Grail, each one unique. Where is it located? I have an almost use less mas and a cryptic reference to a knight's tornt "in the queen of Dalmatia" that may be opened by a housical phrase. Danke Schon, Herr Stanling, but unfortunately your discovery comes under the heading of two little, too late.

ne through the popular press, most recently from Indo-Clima where he is apparently in pursuit of a jade idal -

The demon monkey of Lang-Tran"- that is said to possess some sort of occult power. I simply can't under Tand his obsession with such fanciful nonsense. my God, what will he be after next? The lost cities of Cibola? The ark of the covenant? Hen could I have raised such a son?

and why must he insist on going by that ridiculous name?

Hen York December 9, 1937

What a fool I have been! I better have held the key to the Grail in my hand for more than seven years and

have failed to recognize it!

Not Yugo Lavia but Venice. The cryptic reference in the anselm manuscript should be reconstructed as EQUESTRI SEPULCRUM IN URBE REGINA MARIS DALMATIAE-"The knight's tomb (is) in the queen city

of the see of Dalmatia - that is, the adviatic. Venice - the Queen of the adviatic - is where I will found the tright's touch a "marker" that locates the Grail 1

How I came by this knowledge is a tale too long to relate in detail in my excitement of the moment. I am in a luxury suite in the Player Hotel, provided me ly one Walter Denovan, a wealthy industrialist and collector of antiquities who has long been a benefactor of scholarly institutions and musetims. He is in possession of the friars chronicle - the friar, the one who died at Kaffa, the one who learned of the Grail's location from the 150-year-oldconsader, et cetera, et cetera - and, more astonishingly, of an incomplete stone tablet which the three brothers left as a marker" to seekers of the Grail. Donovan has allowed me to make a rubbing of the partial inscription on The tablet; but according to the friais account, a second

"marker" that may lead to the Grail is buried with the tright's brother. The knight's tout!

my insight concerning Venice I have kept to myself. Donovan is as anxious to find This second marker as I am; he has a great deal of money to spend on the project, and tonight he has asked me to lead his research team. as soon as I can extricate myself from my obligations at Princeton, I am to sailno, fly - to Berlin to meet with Dr. Schneider who will be worting on the project with me. I do not intend to mention Venice until I am ready to depart. Donovan may well have this schmerder hegin The investigation without me. The newer heard of any Schneider. Must ask stanking if he knows him.). Besides, it will be rather embarassing if I am proven

But I am sight. This time I am sure

of it.

arong.



Whiten by Mark Falstein art direction by Mark Shepard Hand lettering by Jayne Orgood I llustrations by Steve Purcell

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